

“(c) a person to represent the Orthodox-Christian community in the District, nominated—

- (i) by the Metropolitan of the Diocese, or
- (ii) in the case of the Diocese of Nicosia and Famagusta, by the Archbishop of Cyprus, or
- (iii) in the absence of the Metropolitan or Archbishop, as the case may be, by his representative residing in the District,

and approved by the Governor by an instrument in writing under his hand;”

No. 27 OF 1937.

A LAW TO AMEND THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION LAWS,  
1933 TO 1937.

H. R. PALMER,]  
Governor.

[30th September, 1937.

BE it enacted :—

1. This Law may be cited as the Elementary Education (Amendment No. 2) Law, 1937, and shall be read as one with the Elementary Education Laws, 1933 to 1936, (hereinafter called “the Principal Law”), and the Principal Law and this Law may together be cited as the Elementary Education Laws, 1933 to (No. 2) 1937.

Short title.  
18 of 1933.  
1 of 1935.  
4 of 1936.  
14 of 1937.

2. Sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the deletion of paragraph (c) thereof, the subsequent paragraph (d) thereof being re-lettered (c).

Amendment of section 9 (1) of Law 18 of 1933.

3. Section 16 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the deletion of sub-section (1) thereof and by the substitution therefor of the following sub-section :—

Amendment of section 16 of Law 18 of 1933.

“Town schools. Orthodox-Christian.

16.—(1) For Orthodox-Christian schools in any town, there shall be a Town Committee composed of nine duly qualified members of the Orthodox-Christian community of the town concerned, having knowledge of and an interest in elementary education, appointed by the Governor.

The Governor shall appoint a Chairman and a Vice-Chairman from among the members of a Town Committee."

Amendment  
of section 45  
of Law 18 of  
1933.

4. Section 45 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the deletion of sub-section (4) thereof and by the substitution therefor of the following sub-section:—

"(4) When a teacher dies while in the service, the Governor may, on the recommendation of the Director, make to his dependants a benevolent grant of an amount not exceeding one year's salary according to the merits of each case.

For the purposes of this sub-section the term 'dependants' means such of the members of the family of a teacher as were wholly or in part dependent upon the earnings of the teacher at the time of his death."

Amendment  
of section 55  
of Law 18 of  
1933.

5. Section 55 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the deletion of the proviso thereto and by the substitution thereof of the following proviso:—

"Provided that—

- (a) no building used for religious observances or in connection therewith;
- (b) no land (i) adjacent to any building used for religious observances, and (ii) used in connection with such building;
- (c) no building, land or tree belonging to any church, mosque or school of a religious community other than the religious community for the schools of which it is desired to acquire such building, land or tree,

shall be compulsorily acquired under this Law."

Amendment  
of section 70  
of Law 18 of  
1933.

6. Section 70 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following sub-section:—

"(7) Notwithstanding anything in this section contained, it shall be lawful for the Director to utilize any moneys standing to the credit of any of the Education Funds established under sub-section (1) for making loans for the purposes of any school belonging to a religious denomination other than that in respect of which such Education Fund was established:

Provided that—

- (a) no such loan shall be made without the approval of the Governor first obtained ;
- (b) every such loan shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Governor may determine ; and
- (c) the capital of any such loan and the interest accrued thereon shall, when recovered, be paid into the Education Fund out of which the loan was made.”

7. Section 86 of the Principal Law is hereby repealed and the following section substituted therefor:—

“Disqualifications for membership of Boards of Education, Town Committees, and Committees of Management.

86. Notwithstanding anything in this Law contained, the following provisions shall have effect:—

Repeal of section 86 of Law 18 of 1933 and substitution of new section.

(1) No person who is a member of any Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management under this Law by virtue of his office shall sit or vote in a Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management, as the case may be, unless he is a British subject.

(2) No person shall be eligible for appointment as a member of any Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management or having been appointed shall remain a member of such Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management who—

- (a) is not a British subject ; or
- (b) is a judge of any Court in the Colony ; or
- (c) is a public officer in the service of the Colony ; or
- (d) is an undischarged bankrupt ; or
- (e) is a teacher employed under this Law ; or
- (f) is under 21 years of age ; or
- (g) has been debarred from practising as a legal or medical practitioner by order of any competent authority ; or
- (h) has been convicted of any offence and sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than three months.

(3) If any person who is subject to any of the disqualifications hereinbefore mentioned shall be appointed as a member of any Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management, such appointment shall be void as regards such person.

(4) Every person who whilst subject to any of the disqualifications hereinbefore mentioned shall sit or vote in a Board of Education or Town Committee or Committee of Management, shall, for every day on which he sits or votes, forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered by action in the District Court by any person who shall sue for the same.

(5) Nothing in sub-section (2) (c) contained shall apply to any public officer in the service of the Colony other than Orthodox-Christian."

No. 28 OF 1937.

A LAW TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF BRITISH SUBJECTS TO PUBLIC BODIES AND TO PUBLIC OFFICES.

H. R. PALMER,]  
Governor.

[30th September, 1937.

BE it enacted:—

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Public Bodies and Public Offices (Appointments) Law, 1937.

Interpretation.

2. In this Law—

“public body” means any Board, Commission, Committee or Council—

(a) established by or under any Law, or

(b) which has power to act under and for the purposes of any Law ;

“public office” means any office—

(a) the power of appointing or nominating a person to which, or

(b) the power of approving the appointment or nomination of a person to which,

is vested in the Governor or in any public officer or in any public body.