

No. 20 OF 1937.

A LAW FURTHER TO AMEND THE ADVOCATES LAWS,
1933 TO 1934.H. R. PALMER,]
Governor.

[22nd July, 1937.

BE it enacted :—

Short title.

20 of 1933.
40 of 1933.
7 of 1934.Insertion of
new section
6A in Law
20 of 1933.

1. This Law may be cited as the Advocates (Amendment) Law, 1937, and shall be read as one with the Advocates Laws, 1933 to 1934, (hereinafter called "the Principal Law"), and the Principal Law and this Law may together be cited as the Advocates Laws, 1933 to 1937.

2. The following section shall be inserted in the Principal Law immediately after section 6 thereof :—

"Power to
Chief Justice
to approve
and admit
persons to
practise as
advocates in
certain cases.

6A.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in this Law contained, any person desiring to be enrolled as an advocate who shall satisfy the Chief Justice—

- (a) that he has attained the age of twenty-one years ;
- (b) that he is of good character ;
- (c) that he entered upon and commenced his course of legal studies at the University of Athens before the first day of January, 1932 ;
- (d) that he has obtained a legal diploma of the University of Athens otherwise than by correspondence before the thirtieth day of November, 1937 ;
- (e) that he has passed an examination in the laws of the Colony, the Ottoman laws in force in the Colony and the rules regulating the procedure in the Courts of the Colony ;
- (f) that he has passed such examination, if any, in the English language as the Chief Justice may prescribe,

may be approved and admitted to practise as an advocate by the Chief Justice.

(2)—(a) For the purpose of any examinations under sub-section (1) the Chief Justice may appoint examiners to conduct such examinations and may fix the fees to be paid to such examiners.

(b) Such examinations shall be held on such day during the month of December in the year 1937 and on such day during the month of December in the year 1938 as the Chief Justice may in each case direct.

(3) Every candidate for an examination under this section shall pay the following fees into the Public Treasury:—

(a) For an examination under paragraph (e) of sub-section (1), a fee of five pounds.

(b) For an examination under paragraph (f) of sub-section (1), a fee not exceeding two pounds as the Chief Justice may direct.

(4) The provisions of section 5 shall apply to any person who has been approved and admitted to practise as an advocate by the Chief Justice under sub-section (1).

(5) No person—

(a) shall be approved and admitted to practise as an advocate by the Chief Justice, or

(b) shall have his name enrolled in the Roll of Advocates, under the provisions of this section after the thirty-first day of December, 1938.”

No. 21 of 1937.

A LAW TO REGULATE AND CONTROL THE CULTIVATION OF COTTON, AND THE COTTON INDUSTRY.

H. R. PALMER,
Governor.

[30th July, 1937.]

BE it enacted:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Cotton Law, 1937. Short title.

2. In this Law—

“baling licence” means a licence issued under this Law to bale cotton only; Interpretation.

“cotton plant” means the growing plants, cuttings, buds and grafts, seeds, leaves, bolls, or any portion of the cotton plant in a natural state;

“ginning licence” means a licence issued under this Law to gin cotton;

“lint cotton” means ginned cotton;

“raw cotton” means unginmed or seed cotton.