

## PEACE AND GOOD ORDER.

## 8 OF 1879.

FOR BETTER SECURING THE PEACE AND GOOD ORDER OF THE  
ISLAND.

G. J. WOLSELEY.]

[February 18, 1879.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide that persons dangerous to the peace and good order of Cyprus be prohibited from residing or being therein :

Be it therefore enacted :—

1. This Law may be cited as the Peace and Good Order Law, Short title.  
1879.

2. In this Law the “Secretary of State” means one of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State; and “Order of Prohibition” means an Order of the High Commissioner prohibiting any person from residing or being within the Island. Interpretation.

3. The High Commissioner, with the advice of the Legislative Council, by a resolution to be passed at any meeting thereof, may declare that any person who may in the opinion of the Council be dangerous to the peace and good order of the Island, shall be prohibited from residing or being therein, either absolutely or for any specified period; and thereupon the High Commissioner may, by order under his hand and seal, prohibit that person from residing or being within the Island, either absolutely or for the period specified, and may fix the time within which he shall depart therefrom. Persons dangerous to the peace of the Island may be prohibited from being therein.

4. An Order of Prohibition purporting to be under the hand and seal of the High Commissioner shall be received in all Courts as *primâ facie* evidence of the authenticity and legality thereof. Proof of Order of Prohibition.

5. If any person who shall have been prohibited by any such Order from residing or being within the Island shall be found at large therein, contrary to the Order, and without reasonable excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon him, he shall be liable to imprisonment for any period not exceeding twelve months; and the High Commissioner may, at or before the expiration of the sentence, issue a further Order of Prohibition, and fix the time within which Penalty for disobeying.

he shall depart from the Island in pursuance thereof; and so often as any person shall disobey an Order of Prohibition he shall be liable to be dealt with in the manner provided by this section.

Power to  
arrest persons  
disobeying.

6. The High Commissioner in Council may, if he shall think fit, issue an Order for the arrest of any person disobeying an Order of Prohibition; and any person so arrested shall be detained in prison pending his trial for the offence, or until discharged from imprisonment in due course of law.

Report to  
Secretary of  
State.

7. The High Commissioner shall forthwith report to the Secretary of State any Order of Prohibition issued under this Law, together with the grounds thereof and a copy of the Minutes of the Legislative Council relating thereto.

Cancellation  
of Order.

8. The Secretary of State or the High Commissioner in Council may at any time cancel an Order of Prohibition.

## PEACE ORDERS LEGISLATION.

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### 1 OF 1920.

TO ESTABLISH A CLEARING OFFICE IN CYPRUS.

MALCOLM STEVENSON.]

[January 24, 1920.

WHEREAS by the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, His Majesty in Council made provision for giving effect to certain sections of the Treaty of Peace signed on behalf of His Majesty at Versailles on the twenty-eighth day of June, 1919, as set forth in the Schedule to the said Order.

And whereas the said Order was applied to the whole of His Majesty's Dominions, save as therein stated, subject in its application to the parts of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom to such modifications as might be made by the legislatures of those parts for adapting to the circumstances thereof the provisions of the said Order,