11η Σεπτεμθρίου 1**975**

> ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΚΩΣΤΗ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΥ

[ΔΙΚΑΣΤΑΙ: ΤΡΙΑΝΤΑΘΥΛΑΙΔΗΣ, Πρόοδρος,

A. AO'I'ZOY, MANAXTOE, AIROGRAFT

ΜΙΧΑΗΛ ΚΩΣΤΗ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΥ,

Έφεσείων,

ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑΣ

κατά

ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΊΑΣ,

Έφεσιβλήτου.

(Ποινική "Εφεσις ὑπ' άρ. 3634).

Στρατιωτικά 'Αδικήματα—Ποινή—Δεκαοκτάμηνος φυλάκισις διά λιποταξίαν— "Αρθρον 29 τοῦ Περὶ Στρατιωτικοῦ Ποινικοῦ Κώδικος καὶ Δικονομίας Νόμου τοῦ 1964 (Νόμος 40/64)— Ό ἐφεσείων ἐνεφανίσθη ἄνευ συνηγόρου καὶ δὲν εἰκε τὴν δυνατότητα νὰ προβάλη πλήρως ὅλα τὰ ἐλαφρυντικά—Τὸ Στρατιωτικὸν Δικαστήριον δὲν ἐζήτησεν «"Εκθεσιν Κοινωνικῆς 'Ερεύνης»— Ἰατρικὴ ἔκθεσις τεθεῖσα ἐνώπιον 'Ανωτάτου Δικαστηρίου— 'Εὰν εὐρίσκετο ἐνώπιον Στρατιωτικοῦ Δικαστηρίου περιεχόμενόν της θὰ συνέβαλλεν σοβαρῶς εἰς μετριασμὸν ποινῆς— 'Ελάττωσις ποινῆς. 10

Ποινή—Στρατιωτικά άδικήματα—"Ιδε «Στρατιωτικά 'Αδικήματα».

"Έφεσις κατά τῆς ποινῆς.

Έφεσις ὑπὸ τοῦ Μιχαήλ Κωστῆ Νικολάου κατὰ τῆς δεκαοκταμήνου ποινῆς φυλακίσεως τῆς ἐπιθληθείσης ὑ- 15 πὸ τοῦ Στρατιωτικοῦ Δικαστηρίου διὰ τὸ ἀδίκημα τῆς λιποταξίας εἰς τὸ ἐσωτερικὸν κατὰ παράβασιν τοῦ ἄρθρου 29 τοῦ Περὶ Στρατιωτικοῦ Ποινικοῦ Κώδικος καὶ Δικονομίας Νόμου τοῦ 1964 (Νόμος 40/64).

Ε. Εύσταθίου, διά τὸν ἐφεσείοντα.

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Χρ. Τσέλιγκας, διὰ τὴν Δημοκρατίαν.

ΑΠΟΦΑΣΙΣ *

Τριανταφγλλίδης, πρ. Ο έφεσείων έφεσιβάλλει ποινήν δεκαοκταμήνου φυλακίσεως έπιβληθείσαν είς αὐτὸν ὑπὸ 25 τοῦ Στρατιωτικοῦ Δικαστηρίου διὰ τὸ ἀδίκημα τῆς λιπο-

^{*} An English translation of this judgment appears at pp. 126-128 post.

ταξίας είς τὸ ἐσωτερικόν, κατὰ παράδασιν τοῦ ἄρθρου 29 τοῦ περὶ Στρατιωτικοῦ Ποινικοῦ Κώδικος καὶ Δικονομίας Νόμου τοῦ 1964 (Νόμος 40/64).

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Κατά τὴν ἐπιμέτρησιν τῆς ποινῆς ὑπὸ τοῦ πρωτοδίκου δικαστηρίου ἐλήφθησαν ὑπ΄ δψιν, αἰτήσει τοῦ ἐφεσείοντος, ἔτερα τρία παρόμοια ἀδικήματα διαπραχθέντα ὑπ΄ αὐτοῦ, ὡς καὶ ἐκκρεμοῦσα ἐναντίον του κατηγορία διὰ ρῆψιν ἀσκόπων πυροβολισμῶν δι΄ ὑπηρεσιακοῦ δπλου.

ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑΣ

Ο έφεσείων, δοτις είναι 21 έτῶν, ἐνεφανίσθη ἐνώ10 πιον τοῦ Στρατιωτικοῦ Δικαστηρίου ἄνευ συνηγόρου καὶ
οῦτω δὲν είχε τὴν δυνατότητα νὰ προβάλη πλήρως όλα
τὰ ἐλαφρυντικὰ τὰ ἀφορῶντα είς τὸ ἄτομόν του. Τὸ δὲ
Στρατιωτικὸν Δικαστήριον δὲν ἐζήτησεν «ἔκθεσιν κοινωνικῆς ἐρεύνης», ὡς δέον νὰ γίνεται εἰς ἐκάστην περί15 πτωσιν κατὰ τὴν ὁποίαν ἑξετάζεται τὸ ἐνδεχόμενον ἐπιδολῆς ποινῆς φυλακίσεως εἰς πρόσωπον νεαρᾶς ἡλικίας.

Σήμερον ὁ συνήγορός του ἔχει θέσει ἐνώπιόν μας ἔκθεσιν τοῦ Ἐπιμελητοῦ τῶν Ψυχιατρικῶν Ἱδρυμάτων ᾿Αθαλάσσης, ἡμερομηνίας 2ας Σεπτεμβρίου, 1975, τὸ οὐ-20 σιῶδες μέρος τῆς ὁποίας ἔχει ὡς ἀκολούθως:

«Έκ τοῦ ἱστορικοῦ καὶ τῆς κλινικῆς ἑξετάσεως πρόκειται περὶ ἀτόμου πάσχοντος ἐξ ΄Αμβλυνοίας (Π Π 72) καὶ Διαταραχῶν τῆς Προσωπικότητος χαρακτηριζομένης ὑπὸ ἐντόνου ἀνωριμότητος καὶ ἀνεπαρκείας αυναισθηματικῆς ἀσταθείας μειωμένης προσαρμογῆς, εὑερεθιστότητος καὶ ἐνίστε δρῶν κατὰ παρορμητικὸν τρόπον λόγω μειωμένης νοημοσύνης καὶ ἀναστολῶν.

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Κατὰ τὴν διάρκειαν τῆς στρατιωτικῆς του θητείας τό ώς άνω άτομον γενικώς δέν έπαρουσίασε σοθαρά προβλήματα, άργότερον όμως όταν ύπηρετούσεν ώς ἔφεδρος λόγω τῶν είδικῶν συνθηκῶν ἐκ τοῦ πολέμου, της βασικής διαταραχής της προσωπικότητός του καὶ τῆς 'Αμβλυνοίας του ἥτις πλησιάζει τὰ ὅρια τῆς ὴλιθιότητος ἀνέπτυξε μειωμένην προσαρμογήν είς τὰ καθήκοντά του ώς στρατιώτου ώς καί μειωμένην άνοχὴν είς διαφόρους συνθήκας τοῦ στρατοῦ Λόνω τῆς μειωμένης κρίσεώς του καὶ τῶν μειωμένων άναστολών. άνέπτυξε παρορμητικήν συμπεριφοράν μὲ ἀποτέλεσμα τὶς συχνὲς λιποταξίες τῆς γνώμης ὅτι τὸ ὡς ἄνω ἄτομον πρέπει νὰ ἀπαλλαγή τῶν στρατιωτικῶν του καθηκόντων ἀφοῦ πα1975 Sept. 11

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ραπεμφθή πρός τὴν Επιτροπὴν Έξετάσεως Σωματικής Ίκανότητος».

Εῖμεθα θέβαιοι ότι ἐὰν εὐρίσκετο ἡ ἔκθεσις αῦτη ἐνώπον τοῦ Στρατιωτικοῦ Δικαστηρίου τὸ περιεχόμενόν της θὰ συνέβαλλεν σοβαρῶς είς τὸν μετριασμὸν τῆς ποινῆς. Περὶ τούτου δὲ συνεφώνησεν, ἀκριβοδικαίως φερόμενος, καὶ ὁ συνήγορος ὁστις ἑμφανίζεται διὰ τὴν Δημοκρατίαν.

Ύπὸ τὰς περιστάσεις νομίζομεν ὅτι ἐπιβάλλεται ἡ μείωσις τῆς ἐπιβληθείσης ποινῆς είς φυλάκισιν μόνον τεσσά- 10 ρων μηνῶν.

Ή ἔφεσις γίνεται ἀποδεκτή ώς ἀνωτέρω.

This is an English translation of the judgment in Greek appearing at pp. 124-126, ante.

Military Offences—Sentence—Eighteen months' imprisonment 15 for desertion—Section 29 of the Military Criminal Code and Procedure Law, 1964 (Law 40 of 1964)—Appellant appearing without counsel and unable to place all mitigating factors—No "social investigation report" asked for by trial Court—Medical report placed before Court 20 of Appeal—Had it been placed before Military Court its contents would have contributed to a serious extent in reducing sentence—Sentence reduced on this ground.

Sentence—Military Offences—See under "Military Offences".

Appeal against sentence.

Appeal against sentence by Michael Costi Nicolaou who was convicted on the 13th June, 1975 at the Military Court sitting at Nicosia (Case No. 130/75) on one count of the offence of desertion contrary to section 29 of the Military Criminal Code and Procedure Law, 1964 30 (Law 40/64) and was sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment.

E. Efstathiou, for the appellant.

Chr. Tselingas, for the respondent.

The judgment of the Court was delivered by:-

TRIANTAFYLLIDES, P.: The appellant appeals against the sentence of eighteen months' imprisonment imposed on him by the Military Court for the offence of desertion, contrary to section 29 of the Military Criminal Code and Procedure Law, 1964 (Law 40/64).

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In imposing sentence the trial court took into consideration, on an application by the appellant, three other similar offences committed by him, as well as a pending charge against him in respect of the offence of shooting with a service firearm without good reason.

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The appellant, who is 21 years old, appeared before the Military Court without the assistance of counsel and thus he was unable to place fully before such court all personal mitigating factors; moreover, the Military Court did not ask for a "social investigation report", as it should be done in every case where the possibility of imposing a sentence of imprisonment on a young person is contemplated.

Today his counsel has placed before us a report from 15 the Phychiatric Institutions at Athalassa, dated 2nd September, 1975; the material part of such report reads as follows (in English translation):-

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"From the history and the clinical examination it appears that he is a mentally backward person (I.Q. 72) with personality disorders characterized by pronounced immaturity and inadequacy, emotional instability, maladaptation, irritability, and he sometimes acts in an impulsive manner because of his reduced intelligence and inhibitions.

During his military service he did not, as a rule, cause any serious problems, but later on, while he was serving as a reservist, he developed reduced adaptability in relation to his duties as a soldier, as well as reduced tolerance of various situations in the army, due to the special war conditions, to his basic disturbance of personality and to his mental backwardness which borders on stupidity. Because of his diminished judgment and inhibitions he developed impulsive behaviour which resulted in frequent desertions. We are of the opinion that this person must be relieved of his military duties and should be referred for this purpose to the Examination of Physical Fitness Committee."

We are sure that had this report been placed before 40 the Military Court its contents would have contributed, to a serious extent, in reducing the sentence imposed on 1975 Sept 11 the appellant; with this view has agreed, too, very fair-mindedly, counsel who appears today for the Republic.

MICHAEL COSTI NICOLAOU In the circumstances we are of the opinion that the sentence imposed on the appellant should be reduced to four months' imprisonment only.

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The appeal is allowed accordingly.

Appeal allowed.

Sentence reduced.

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